## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. An adaptive wireless transmitting/receiving apparatus comprising:
- a modulation and coding scheme (MCS) setting unit for periodically checking a state information of a receiving channel and setting an optimum modulation and coding scheme (MCS) level;
- a transmitting unit for processing information bits according to a coding technique and a modulation technique of the set MCS level, and transmitting the processed signal according to a predetermined transmit diversity (TD) technique; and
- a receiving unit for processing a received signal according to the MCS and TD technique, which have been set by the transmitting side.
  - 2. The system of claim 1, wherein the transmitting unit comprises:
- a first encoding unit for coding the information bits according to the set coding technique;
- a modulation unit for interleaving and modulating the coded signal according to the set modulation technique; and
- a second encoding unit for coding the modulation signal and transmitting the coded signal through a plurality of transmission antennas according to a predetermined transmit diversity (TD) technique.
  - 3. The system of claim 2, wherein the modulation unit comprises:
- a channel-interleaving unit for interleaving the coded signal according to the set modulation technique;
- a mapping unit for constellation-mapping an output signal of the channelinterleaving unit according to the set modulation technique;

- a Walsh modulation unit for converting the mapped signal into a Walsh code block; and
  - a scrambling unit for scrambling the converted signal.
- 4. The system of claim 1, wherein the predetermined transmit diversity technique is a space time transmit diversity (STTD).
- 5. The system of claim 4, wherein the MCS setting unit sets an optimum MCS for every receiving channel.
- 6. The system of claim 1, wherein the predetermined transmit diversity technique is a selecting transmit diversity (STD).
  - 7. The system of claim 1, wherein the receiving unit comprises:
- a first decoding unit for decoding a diversity signal collected by a reception antenna according to a predetermined TD technique and performing a channel compensation;
- a demodulation unit for demodulating an output signal of the first decoding unit; and
- a second decoding unit for map-decoding the demodulated signal to restore the original information bits.
- 8. The system of claim 7, wherein the demodulation unit comprises:

  a descrambling unit for descrambling an output signal of the first decoding unit;
  - a Walsh demodulation unit for demodulating the descrambled signal;

- a soft determining unit for determining which symbol region the demodulated signal belongs to; and
- a channel deinterleaving unit for deinterleaving an output signal of the soft determining unit.
- 9. The system of claim 7, wherein the demodulation unit is operated corresponding to a modulation unit of a transmitting side.
- 10. The system of claim 7, wherein the second decoding unit is operated corresponding to a first encoding unit of the transmitting side.
  - 11. The system of claim 1, wherein the MCS setting unit comprises:
- a channel information extracting unit for periodically extracting channel state information from the first decoding unit; and
- a selecting unit for selecting an optimum MCS with reference to the extracted channel state information.
- 12. The system of claim 11, wherein the selecting unit provides information on the selected MCS to the first encoding unit and to the modulation unit.
- 13. The system of claim 11, wherein the channel state information is about an SN (Signal to Noise) ratio of a channel.
  - 14. An adaptive wireless transmitting/receiving method comprising:
- a modulated and coding scheme (MCS) setting step of periodically checking state information of a receiving channel and setting an optimum MCS level;

a transmitting step of processing information bits according to a coding technique and a modulation technique of the set MCS and transmitting the processed signal according to a predetermined transmit diversity (TD) technique; and

a receiving step of processing a received signal and restoring original information bits according to the MSC and TD technique set by a transmitting side.

15. The method of claim 14, wherein the transmitting step comprises:

coding information bits according to the set coding technique;

interleaving and modulating the coded signal according to a set modulation technique; and

coding the modulated signal and transmitting the coded signal to a plurality of transmission antennas.

16. The method of claim 15, wherein the modulation step comprises:

interleaving the coded signal according to the set modulation technique;

constellation-mapping the interleaved signal according to the set modulation technique;

converting the mapped signal to a Walsh code block; and scrambling the converted signal.

- 17. The method of claim 14, wherein the predetermined transmit diversity technique is a space time transmit diversity (STTD).
- 18. The method of claim 14, wherein the predetermined transmit diversity technique is a selecting transmit diversity (STD).

19. The method of claim 14, wherein the receiving step comprises:

decoding a diversity signal collected by a reception antenna according to a predetermined transmit diversity (TD) technique and performing a channel compensation on the decoded signal;

demodulating the compensated signal; and map-decoding the demodulated signal to restore original information bits.

- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein the demodulation step comprises: descrambling the compensated signal; demodulating the descrambled signal; determining which symbol region the demodulated signal belongs to; and deinterleaving the determined signal.
- 21. The method of claim 19, wherein the demodulation step is performed corresponding to a modulation technique of a transmitting side.
- 22. The method of claim 19, wherein the map decoding is performed corresponding to a coding technique of the transmitting side.
- 23. The method of claim 14, wherein the channel state information is about an SN (Signal to Noise) ratio of a channel.